





THE PROPERTY OF

TWENTIETH ANNUAL CATALOGUE

OF THE

NORTH GEORGIA A GRICULTURAL ... OLLEGE,



COLLEGE BUILDING.

DAHLONEGA, GEORGIA.

1891-'92.

ATLANTA, GA.:

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO., PRINTERS. (Franklin Publishing House.) 1892



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OF THE

NORTH GEORGIA

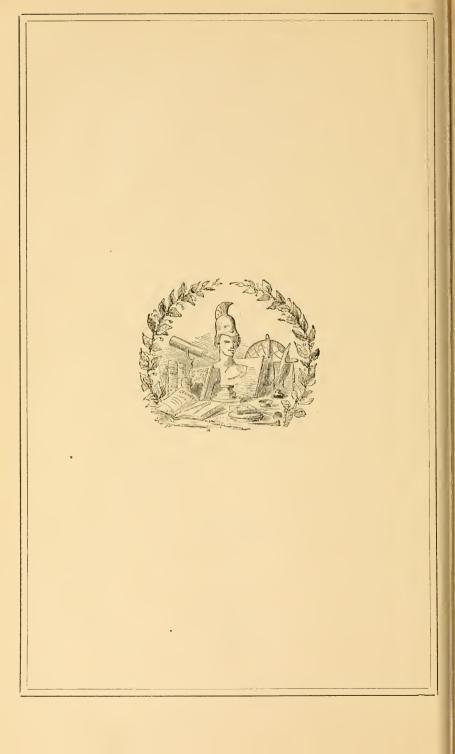
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

ΑT

DAHLONEGA, GA.

1891-92.

ATLANTA, GA.: Jas. P. Marrison & Co., Printers. (Franklin Publishing House.) 1892.



TRUSTEES

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA, 1891-92.

His Excellency, Governor W. J. NORTHEN, ex officio.
REV. W. H. FELTONCartersville
State at Large, Term expires Sept. 1st. 1891
Hox, N. J. HAMMOND
State at Large. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1893,
Hox. H. D. McDANIELMonroe.
State at Large. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1895.
Hox. A. R. LAWTON
State at Large. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1897.
Hox. JOHN SCREVENSayannah.
First Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1897.
Hox. A. T. McINTYREThomasville.
Second Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1897.
Hox. B. P. HOLLIS
Third Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1897.
Hox. W. A. LITTLEColumbus.
Fourth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1895.
Hox. H. V. M. MILLER Atlanta.
Fifth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1895.
Hox. J. B. CUMMINGAugusta.
Sixth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1893.
Hox. D. B. HAMILTONRome.
Seventh Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1893,
Hox. J. A. BILLUPS
Eighth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1895.
Hox. N. L. HUTCHINSLawrenceville.
Ninth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 4891.
Hox. P. A. STOVALL Augusta.
Tenth Congressional District. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1891.
Hox. A. L. HULL Athens.
Resident at Athens. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1891.
Hox. W. W. THOMAS Athens.
Resident at Athens. Term expires Sept. 1st, 1893.
Hox. N. E. HARRISMacon
President Technological Board, ex officio.
OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.
President.
Hon, A. L. HULL

TRUSTEES

-—OF THE—

North Georgia Agricultural College.

Wm. P. Price, PresidentDahlonega.
Dr. N. F. Howard, Vice-President "
A. G. Wimpy, Treasurer
Wm. A. Charters, Secretary "
W. J. Worley "
B. R. Meaders
C. J. Wellborn Blairsville.
Joseph E. Brown Atlanta.
W. S. Erwin
J. E Redwine
Dr. B. F. Chapman Dahlonega.
C. A. Besser
R. H. Baker "
J. W. Woodward "
Henry H. Perry
R. R. Asbury
F. L. Haralson Atlanta.
A. Rudolph
F. W. HallDahlonega.
Frank P. Rice Atlanta.
W. E. CandlerBlairsville.
Dr. H. C. Whelchel

Maculty.

REV. WM. E. BOGGS, D. D., Chancellor of University.

Col. Wm. S. BASINGER, A. M., President.

BENJAMIN P. GAILLARD, A. M., Professor of Natural Science.

WALTER S. WILSON, A. M.,

Professor of Mathematics.

*LIEUT. EDWARD P. LAWTON,

2d Lieutenant 13th Regiment United States Infantry, Professor of Military Science and French; Commandant of Cadets.

E. B. VICKERY, A. B.,

Professor Ancient Languages and Literature.

MISS MARY E. SMITH, Instructress in English.

^{*}Resigned. Vacancy to be filled by Secretary of War before Sept. 1st, 1892.

GRADUATES.

CLASS OF 1878. .

M. G. Bates, A. B	Murray county, Georgia
R. N. Coffee, A. B	Gordon county, Georgia
G. W. Collier, A. B	Fulton county, Georgia
W. F. Crusselle, A. B	Fulton county, Georgia
E. B. Earl, A. B	Floyd county, Georgia
J. R. Gray, A. B	Bartow county, Georgia
W. D. Harris, A. B	Murray county, Georgia
O. N. Starr, A. B	Gordon county, Georgia
Trammell Starr, A. B	.Gordon county, Georgia
Miss Willie Lewis, A. B	

CLASS OF 1879.

J. H. Abernathy, A. BFulton county,	Georgia
J. W. Henry, A. B "urray county,	
Miss Lizzie Chapman, A. B	Georgia

CL SS OF 1880.

J. J. Gaillard, A. B	Spalding county, Georgia
H. E. Wilson, A. B	Ellingham county, Georgia
W. S. Wilson, A. B	
Miss Mary R. Lewis, A. B	Dahlonega, Georgia

CLASS OF 1881.

C. G. Power, A. B	Cobb county, Georgia
C. E. Watt, A. B	Butler county, Alabama
Miss Lizzie Hutchins, A. B	Lumpkin county, Georgia
Miss Fannie McDaniel, A. B	Carroll county, Georgia

CLASS OF 1882.

Calvin Henderson, A. B	Paulding county, Georgia
Wm. E. Mann, A. B	Floyd county, Georgia
Geo. M. Napier, A. B	Walker county, Georgia
Lewis C. Peeples A. B	Terrell county, Georgia
Micollins N. Stowe, A. B	Lumpkin county, Georgia

CLASS OF 1883.

Franklin T. Chapman, A. B Lumpkin county, Georgia
Newton A. Fricks, A. B Franklin county, Georgia
Wm, F. Jones, A. B Troup county, Georgia
Wm. H. Key, A. B Banks.county, Georgia
Matthew W. Stanton, A. B
Geo. T. Wills, A. B Jackson county, Georgia

CLASS OF 18-4.

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CLASS OF 1885.

†John M. Cavender, A. B
Geo. W. Crusselle, A. B Fulton, county, Georgia
*Milton L Lively Gwinnett county, Georgia

CLASS OF 1886.

*Nelson G. Canning A. B	Hall county, Georgia
Eugene T. Cato, A. B	6 lennville, Alabama
John C. Cato, A. B	Glennville, Alabama
Lawrence O. Fisher, A. B.	
Chas. T. Standard, A. B.	Cobb county, Georgia
†James P. Stribling, A. BOconee	county, South Carolina

CLASS OF 1887.

David S. Craig, Cert. ProOconee cou	nty, South Carolina
Keith A. Nisbet, Cert. Pro Clay	ton county, Georgia
*Eugene L. Phillips, B. S	ing county, Georgia
John H. Phillips, B. SSpald	ing county, Georgia

CLASS OF 1888.

†Henry M. Fletcher, A. B	Butts county, Georgia
John H. Morris, A. B	
†Wm. A. Sheldon, A. B	
Wm. T. Swanson, A. B	
*Jno. C. Woodward, A. B	

^{*}First honor. †Second honor.

CLASS OF 1889.

CLASS OF 1890.

CLASS OF 1891.

^{*}First honor.

ROLL OF STUDENTS.

1891-92.

NAME.	RES DENCE. CLASS.
1. Alexander, David II	Oconee Co., So. Ca Freshman
2. Alexander, Wm. T	Oconee Co., So. CaSub-Fresh. A
3. Allen, Joseph P. B	Dahlonega, GaSenior
4. Arrendale, William	Dahlonega,GaSub-Fresh.
5. Basinger, Walter G	Dahlonega, GaSub Fresh. A
6. Basinger, Thomas	Dahlonega, Ga Freshman
	Pickens Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. B
8. Bell, George H	Emanuel Co., Ga Freshman
9. Brannon, Paul E	Atlanta, GaSub-Fresh. B
10. Burns, Charles M	Live Oak, FlaFreshman
11. Burnside, James	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. B
12. Cobb, John M	Cherokee Co., No. CaSophomore
13. Cobb, William H	Habersham Co., GaSenior
14. Cureton, Walter W	Dade Co., Ga Freshman
15. Dabney, Arthur L	DeKalb Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
16. Dabney, Oscar L	DeKalb Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
17. Dart, Cecil M	Brunswick, Ga Freshman
18. Davis, Columbus C	Union Co., GaSophomore
19. Duck, Frederick A	Brunswick, GaSub-Fresh, B
20. Fargason, Green	Henry Co., Ga Freshman
21. Freeman, Fras. B	Rome, GaSub-Fresh. A
22. Gaillard, Benj. P	Dahlonega, Ga Sub-Fresh. B
23. Glass, John W	Murray Co., Ga Freshman
24. Hamby, Robert A	Rabun Co., Gaumor
25. Harlin, William	Bartow Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
26. Harris, George L	Butts Co., GaSophomore
27. Harris, George W	Murray Co., GaJuntor
28. Hatfield, John L	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh, 13
29. Head, William A	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
30. Hightower, William R.	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh A
31. Hix. William T	Dahlonega, Ga Freshman
32. Holland, William F	Murray Co., GaSub-Fre-h. A
33. Horton Herbert L	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh, B
34. Hughes, Julius O	Dawson Co., Ga Sub-Fresh D
35. Jones, Fras. G	Lumpkin Co., Ga Freshman
36. Kimsey, William L	Habersham Co., Ga Freshman
37. Land, Max. E	Butts Co., Ga Sophomore

NAME	RESIDENCE CLASS.
38. Linn, John H	Whitfield Co., GaSub Fresh. A
	Dawson Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
40. Maguire, John M	DeKalb Co., Ga Freshman
41. McMullan, William B	Hart Co., Ga Junior
	Montgomery Co., Ga Freshman
43. Meaders, Fras. M	Dahlonega, GaFreshman
44. Moore, Benj. II	Dahlonega, GaSub Fresh. A
	. Lumpkin Co., GaSub-Fresh. A
	Dawson Co., Ga Freshman
	Union Co., Ga Sophomore
	Pickens Co., GaSub-Fresh. A
	Wilkes Co., Ga Freshman
	Fannin Co , GaSub-Fresh. A
51. Olivet John G	.Fannin Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. Λ
52. Palmer, William P	Clarkesville, GaSub-Fresh, A
53 Palmonr Oscar	Dawson Co., Ga Freshman
54 Pitner James M	Lumpkin Co., Ga Sophomore
55. Pitner Marion W.	Union Co , Ga Sub-Fresh. A
56 Price Fred S	Dahlonega, Ga Sub-Fresh. A
57 Real Fred C	Dahlonega, GaSub Fresh B
58. Reed. Walter R	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
	Savannah, GaSub-Fresh A
	White Co., Ga Sophomore
69 Simpons Los D	Gilmer Co., GaSub-Fresh. A
49 Smith Charles S	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
	Pickens Co., So. Ca SophomoreDeKalb Co., Ga Freshman
63. Stewart, James K	Delan Co., Ga Freshman
	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. B
	Dahlonega, GaSnb-Fresh. B
	Brunswick, Gaub-Fresh. A
	.Gilmer Co., Ga Freshman
	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh, B
	DeKalb Co., Ga Sophomore
	Elbert Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
	.Rabun Co., GaSub-Fresh. A
74. Wood, George B	Dawson Co., GaSenior
75. Woodward, William J	Butts Co., & aSophomore
VOID	NG LADIES.
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1.	Allen, Mary C	Dalifonega,	Ga	Sub-Presh, A
2.	Arrendale, Fannie C	.Dahlonega,	Ga	Sub-Fresh, A
3,	Burnside, Mary	Dahlonega,	Ga	Sub-Fresh. Λ

NAM		RESIDENCE, CLA
		Dahlonega, Ga Junior
5.	Cain, Rebecca L	Dahlonega, Ga Sophomore
6.	Conant, Belle	Mayport, FlaFreshman
7.	Gurley, Fanny	Union Co., Ga Sub Fresh. A
8.	Gurley, Mattie	Union Co., Ga Sub-Fresh. A
9.	Hously, Mary	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. B
10.	Johnson, Emily V	.Atlanta, Ga Senior
11.	McAfee, Florence	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
12.	Moore, Mattie E	. Dahlonega, Ga Freshman
13.	Payne, Katherine	Marion Co., Fla Freshman
14.	Porter, Jane S	Dawson Co., Ga Freshman
15.	Reed, Sallie	Dahlonega, Ga Freshman
16.	Rice, Fanny	Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
17.	Roberts, Alice	Dahlonega, Ga Freshman
		Dahlonega, Ga Sub-Fresh. A
		Dahlonega, GaSub-Fresh. A
		Gilmer Co., Ga Freshman
		Dahlonega, Ga Sub-Fresh. A
		Hall Co., GaSophomore

North Georgia Agricultural College.

ADMISSION.

Candidates for admission into the Institution must see the President and make application within twentyfour hours after they arrive, or they may be denied the privilege of entering.

The applicant must be prepared to furnish testimonials of good moral character, and if he has been a member of an incorporated institution of learning, he must produce a certificate of honorable withdrawal. He must pass an examination in each department, which examination will determine which class he is to enter, and whether he can enter at all.

He must promise in writing that he will faithfully abide by the rules and regulations of the College, a copy of which will be furnished him, and that whenever he is called upon by a member of the Faculty with questions concerning his deportment, he will answer truthfully to the best of his ability; that he will be honest with himself and the teachers at all recitations and examinations, and that he will not enter into any combination whatsoever against fellow-students or any of the workings of the Institution, and that he will deport himself in a gentlemanly manner at all times.

No tuition is exacted. An admission fee of five dollars on entering and at the beginning of each term thereafter is required of every one. This is for the purpose of forming a library fund and defraying incidental expenses of scientific department.

CURRICULUM.

SUB-FRESHMAN B CLASS.

Geography, English Grammar, Orthography, etc.: Penmanship, Grammar School Arithmetic, Introductory Science, First Book in Latin.

SUB-FRESHMAN A CLASS.

Physical Geography, Practical Arithmetic, English Grammar, etc.; Physiology, Introductory Science. Latin Grammar and Reader, First Book in Greek, Algebra begun.

FRESHMAN CLASS.

Science—Chemistry.

Mathematics—Algebra to quadratics, Plane Geometry.

English—Grammatical Analysis, United States History.

Latin—Grammar continued, Cornelius Nepos, Cæsar, Ovid, Scanning.

GREEK-Greek Testament, Anabasis.

SOPHOMORE CLASS.

Science—Chemistry continued, Agriculture, Physics. (Kimball's Olmstead.)

MATHEMATICS—Algebra continued, Solid Geometry, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, Chain and Compass Surveying and Leveling.

English—General History, Rhetoric, Composition and Declamation.

LATIN-Virgil, Livy, Exercises.

GREEK-Homer, Herodotus, Exercises, Mythology.

French—Elementary Grammar and Reader.

JUNIOR CLASS.

Science—Physics continued. (Kimball's Olmstead.)

Mathematics—Higher Algebra, Analytical Geometry, Surveying with Transit, etc.

English—Mental Science, Logic, General History continued, English Literature, Composition, etc.

Latin—Cicero, Pliny's Letters, Horace, Roman Literature, Composition.

Greek — Thucydides. Aristophanes, Demosthenes, Exercises.

French—Analytical Grammar and Reader, English translated into French.

SENIOR CLASS ..

Science—Zoölogy, Botany, Mineralogy, Geology.

Mathematics — Calculus, Descriptive Geometry, Astronomy.

English—Mental Science continued, Political Economy, Moral Science, English Literature, Elements of Criticism, Composition, etc.

Latin—Tacitus, Juvenal, Terence, Composition, etc. Greek—Selections from Tragedies and Plato, Greek Literature, Exercises, etc.

French—Analytical Grammar, Plays, Translation of English into French Idioms and Conversation.

N. B.—A student may, with the consent of parent or guardian, substitute French for Greek. The course in French begins with the Sophomore year.

With like consent of parent or guardian, a student may pursue an irregular or incomplete course of study, provided he have not less than three recitations daily, and with one of the irregular classes. There can be no special recitations held for such irregular students. And the election once made cannot be departed from without special permission from the Faculty. Such irregularity cannot, however, extend to military duty. As will be hereafter seen, that is obligatory on all. But such students will not receive degrees or diplomas; only certificates of proficiency in such courses as they may have completed.

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Young ladies may pursue any of the studies included in the preceding curriculum for male students, and under the direction of the same professors. Rooms in the College are set apart for the exclusive use of young ladies attending the College, upon which no intrusion is allowed, and while at the College, and not attending recitations, they remain in those rooms in the presence and under the direction of Miss Mary E. Smith, principal in Female Department and instructress in English.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

This department is under the immediate direction of an officer of the United States army, detailed for the purpose for three years. Lieut. E. P. Lawton, Thirteenth United States Infantry, who has held this detail for some time, leaves us at the end of this year, and his successor has not yet been detailed. The students are organized into a battalion of as many companies as their numbers will permit, commanded by the officer in charge. The subordinate officers are students appointed by the President on the recommendation of the commandant.

Instruction in this department is both theoretical and practical—the former by means of the study of the tactics used in the United States army; the latter by means of actual drills, both as artillery and infantry, and other exercises. For the latter purpose one hour each day in the week, except Saturday and Sunday, from 4 to 5 p. m., is allowed. Instruction is also given in various other branches of the military art.

The College is furnished by the United States government with two 3-inch rifled field pieces, with

caissons, and 150 breech-loading rifles of the latest army pattern, with corresponding accourtements. A supply of ammunition is also furnished, sufficient to afford ample opportunity for practice in both artillery and infantry, and for target practice with small arms.

Military duty is obligatory on all male students over fifteen years of age and not laboring under physical disability. In the latter case the fact must be certified to by a physician in good standing in a form prescribed. But every student is liable to such military studies and modified military duty as he may be found capable of.

Uniforms must be worn at all drills and other military exercises. On other occasions they may be dispensed with or not, at the option of the student. The uniform consists of a gray coat, pants and helmet, of a pattern prescribed by the Faculty, with white belts. The entire cost need not exceed \$17, and arrangements are made by which the uniforms can be procured promptly at minimum prices.

Every student subject to military duty must equip himself within thirty days from entering College.

CADET OFFICERS, 1891-2.

James W. Ryals, Lieutenant.

William II. Cobb, Lieutenant.

Joseph P. B. Allen, Lieutenant and Adjutant.

William II. Steele, 1st Sergeant.

Wm. B. McMullan, Sergeant.

William L. Kimsey, Sergeant. Francis M. Meaders, Corporal.

Nicholas L. Tankersley, Corporal.

Francis B. Freeman, Corporal.

Francis C. Newsome, Corporal.

TEACHER'S LICENSE.

By an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia approved February 23, 1877, the Faculty are authorized to grant certificates or licenses to students intending to teach. These licenses are graded, in conformity with the provisions of section 1261 of the Code of 1882, and enable the recipients to be employed as teachers in the primary common schools of the State without examination by or license from any board of education or county school commissioner. They are issued usually at commencement, and only upon special examinations held to test the qualifications of the applicants. These examinations have not yet been held at the time this catalogue is prepared for the press.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

ORIGIN AND PURPOSES OF THE COLLEGE.

This College owes its origin to the Act of Congress of July 2, 1862, entitled "An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts." The Act contemplates the "endowment, support and maintenance of at least one college, where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts in such manner as the legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes."

The donation was made upon certain conditions, the chief of which are that the annual interest arising from

the fund derived from the sale of the lands shall be applied to the purpose mentioned above; that if any portion of the principal or interest shall be lost by any contingency whatever, it shall be replaced by the State; that no part of the principal or interest shall be applied to the purchase, erection, preservation or repair of any building or buildings, it being the duty of the State, upon accepting the donation, to provide the necessary buildings; that if the State should fail to provide, within a time specified, at least one college for the purposes of the Act, the grant should cease and the State should be bound to repay the fund to the United States: that the State should express its acceptance of the donation, of course with the conditions, through its legislature. By Act of March 10, 1866, the General Assembly of Georgia accepted the donation "upon the terms and conditions prescribed" in the Act of Congress.

The fund having been received, the interest of it was placed under the control of the Trustees of the University for the purpose of the Act. The North Georgia Agricultural College, having been incorporated in 1871, received from the United States government, in pursuance of an Act of Congress passed in that year, a donation of the building at Dahlonega, theretofore known as the United States Branch Mint, with ten acres of land connected therewith. A contract was then made with the Trustees of the University, by which the North Georgia Agricultural College became a branch and part of the University—the title to the above property being conveyed to the Trustees of the University on the conditions specified in the donation, and the Trustees of the University appointing the President of the College, making a certain allowance for its support, and exercising over it a general supervision.

It will thus be apparent that the office of the College is to effect the purposes expressed in the Act of Congress of 1862, and the State's acceptance of that Act, in conformity with the system of the University itself. And the courses of study and exercises are arranged with that view.

LOCATION.

The College is located at Dahlonega, the county site of Lumpkin county, Georgia, a town of one thousand inhabitants, beautifully situated among lofty hills in the immediate vicinity of the Blue Ridge, and 2,240 feet above the level of the sea. The fine climate and water of this region have long been celebrated. There are two churches in the town, Methodist and Baptist, in which services are regularly held. Students are required to attend one or the other at least once every Sunday, unless excused. The sale of spirituous liquors is forbidden by law in or within three miles of the town, and no student can go beyond that limit without express permission. The nearest railroad point is Gainesville. on the Air-Line Railroad, twenty-five miles distant, with which place there is a daily communication by means of the mail-hacks. Fare from \$1.00 to \$2.00.

BUILDING AND GROUNDS.

The College stands on the summit of an eminence overlooking the town and commanding an exceedingly beautiful view of the mountains, which seem to sweep round it as a centre, in a great semi-circle, at a distance of from ten to fifteen miles.

Besides the ten acres granted by the United States government, there is much more land held by the Institution, affording ample space for all military exercises-

APPOINTMENTS.

Each senator and representative of the General Assembly is authorized and requested to appoint one pupil to this Institution from his senatorial district or county only, as the case may be, during his term as such senator or representative, who shall be received without the entrance fee; these appointments to hold good for the scholastic term for which they are made; but may be renewed from term to term. Blank appointments may be obtained from the Secretary of the Board of Trustees at Dahlonega.

THE LIBRARY.

When the original college building was destroyed by fire a few years ago the entire library of the Institution was lost in the conflagration. Another is being gradually accumulated, but it will be a work of some time to replace it fully. Meanwhile the two Literary Societies have quite respectable libraries of their own, which, in some measure, supply the deficiency.

THE SOCIETIES.

The two Literary Societies are the Phi Mu and Decora Paliestra. The young ladies also have a literary society among themselves, called the Corona Hedera.

There are also chapters of two Greek Letter Fraternities, viz.: the Sigma Mu and Kappa Sigma.

MEDALS.

1. The F. P. Rice Latin Medal.—This is a large and beautiful gold medal, given to the College by the Hon. F. P. Rice, of Atlanta, to be awarded at each annual

commencement to the student making the best record in Latin, with a mark of not less 663 in every other study and in deportment during the year.

2. The Clark Mathematics Medal.—This is an equally beautiful gold medal, given to the College by Harlow Clark, Esq., of Dodge county, Georgia, to be awarded annually, at commencement, to the student making the best record in mathematics with a mark of not less than 66% in every other study and in deportment during the vear.

3. The Company Drill Medal.—This is a handsome gold medal, given by Lieutenant W. C. Rafferty, First United States Artillery, lately detailed at the College, to be awarded at each commencement to the best drilled company in the battalion of eadets, to be worn by the First Sergeant during the year.

MONTHLY REPORTS.

At the end of every month reports are issued of the progress, standing and deportment of the students. In these reports 100 represents the maximum of excellence.

THE COLLEGIATE YEAR.

The collegiate year comprises two terms, the first commencing on the first Monday in September and continuing until the first Monday in February, when the second commences, which continues until commencement. There is no interruption of either term, except for an intermission of a week or ten days at Christmas.

On the third Sunday in June the commencement sermon is preached, and the next three days are devoted to the usual commencement exercises, closing on Wednesday, which is the end of the collegiate year.

DEGREES.

The College is authorized by its charter to confer degrees. The degree usually conferred is that of B. A. But a course of study leading to the B. S. degree is now under consideration.

Degrees are conferred, and the corresponding diplomas given, only to students who creditably complete the entire course prescribed with at least the minimum record allowed in every branch.

Those who pursue partial courses of study receive, but upon a like average, only certificates of proficiency in the courses pursued.

Appropriate degrees, honors and diplomas are also provided for young ladies who graduate.

EXPENSES.

Board, including fuel, lights, etc., can be had in good families at \$10, \$12 and \$15. Many of the very best young men buy provisions and rent rooms, where they hire their cooking done, and in this way do very well at from \$6 to \$8 per month. These expenses are still further reduced by some who bring supplies from home.

The annual cost of books is from \$10 to \$15, and this may be reduced by purchasing second-hand books. No tuition is required, only a matriculation fee of \$5 per term. A fee of \$1 is required of those who enter the Collegiate Department in Science as an equipment fund for that department.

THE CHARLES McDONALD BROWN FUND.

From the Charles McDonald Brown Scholarship Fund the Institution gets \$1,000 annually. This is to aid worthy young men who are unable to pay their way through college. The applicant must be at least eighteen, in good health, and reside in one of the following counties: Rabun, Towns, Union, Fannin, Dawson, Murray, White, Lumpkin, Gilmer, Pickens, Cherokee and Forsyth, in Georgia, and Oconee, Anderson and Pickens in South Carolina. On entering school he gives his promise on honor in writing that he will pay back the money he receives as soon after he completes his course as he is able. Applications must be made in writing to the President of the Board of Trustees.

DISCIPLINE.

The government of the College is in the hands of the President and Faculty, who establish rules, of which a copy may be had by any student on application.

The grades of punishment are as follows:

- 1. Reprimand, deprivation of recreation, extra guard duty.
- 2. Confinement to room, arrest, reduction to ranks of officers and non-commissioned officers.
 - 3. Suspension, dismission.
 - 4. Expulsion.

Punishment of the first and second grades is imposed by the President; those of the third and fourth grades only by the entire Faculty.

The system of discipline has for its object to secure, with as much mildness as possible, prompt and cheerful obedience, and quiet, respectful demeanor to the College authorities, and orderly conduct everywhere.

Attention is directed to the following regulations governing absences:

1. After once entering, no student can go home or elsewhere, except for good cause shown, unless the parent or guardian expressly ask the privilege.

- 2. All applications for leave of absence must be for a specified time.
- 3. A student absent with leave, who cannot return at the expiration of his leave, must notify the President of the reason and ask for an extension; otherwise his name may be dropped from the roll.
- 4. A student who has been absent four consecutive weeks cannot resume his place in his class without permission from the Faculty.

Parents and guardians are earnestly requested not to permit their sons and wards to be absent more than is absolutely necessary, as it is very detrimental to the student himself and very discouraging to the instructor.

Parents and guardians are also earnestly requested not to give their sons and wards permission to leave College on the approach of the Christmas vacation and of the Commencement earlier than the time designated. This practice virtually takes out of the hands of the Faculty that control of the operations of the College which it is necessary for them to retain, and tends to produce dissatisfaction among other students. It is, moreover, liable to be greatly abused. The Faculty may be expected to take very stringent measures to put a stop to it.

Note. - As this catalogue, unlike its predecessors, is prepared for the press some time before the final examinations will be held, it is impossible to give the names of those who will graduate or receive medals or other honors, or of those to whom teachers' licenses will be granted. All such information will be given in next year's catalogue.

APPENDIX.

The College having now completed the twentieth year of its active existence, a brief statement of what it has done may be interesting.

The records of one year (1875-6) are wholly lost, but during the remaining nineteen there were 3,834 entrances, of which 960 were females. It is not meant, of course, that these figures represent the actual number of different students, for many attend several years consecutively from entrance to graduation or other termination of their connection with the College, and their names appear in the catalogues from year to year during that time; but the figures show an average annual attendance of about 200 during the nineteen years, of whom about 50 were females. And these students have been sent from 104 of the 137 counties of Georgia and from 19 other States of the Union, which demonstrates that the College is not a mere local institution, as some erroneously suppose.

Before the year 1878 there were no graduates, but from that year to the present, including those who have been recommended for graduation this year, whose names will appear in our next catalogue, there have been 82 graduates, a number which will probably bear comparison with that of the graduates of any similar institution in Georgia in an equal number of its carliest years.

Referring to the Teachers' License Act mentioned on a previous page, which was first acted on in the year 1878, there have been 638 such licenses granted, which number does not include any for the present year because the examinations have not yet taken place at the time

these pages are prepared for the press. Unfortunately no attempt has been made to preserve statistics to show how many of these licenses have engaged in teaching. It is very well known that many have stood the examinations and sought licensees merely as evidence of their competency, but it is certain that a large majority have actually taught in the common schools of the State. But if only half have done so, one can form some idea of the great number of children of the State whom the college has indirectly reached.

These results, general as the statement is, cannot but be gratifying in the highest degree to the friends of the institution and appeal powerfully to the consideration of the General Assembly. If it has accomplished so much for the State, continually distressed by poverty and misrepresented and misunderstood and undervalued, as it has always been, what might not be expected of it if properly equipped and supported?







